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## Right Triangles: Practice Finding Area

Take a closer look at the terms we use when finding the area of a triangle.
height ( $h$ ): the length of the perpendicular line between the base and its opposite point, or vertex

A right triangle has one right angle.

base (b): any one of the triangle's sides

To find the area of a triangle, use this formula:
$A=\frac{1}{2} b h$

Let's try an example. Find the area of the triangle below.
9 ft .


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Base }=10 \mathrm{ft} . \quad \text { Height }=9 \mathrm{ft} . \\
& \text { Area }=\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 9 \\
& \text { Area }=45 \mathrm{ft}^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

Fill in the blanks to find the area of each triangle.

8 yd .


Base = $\qquad$ Height = $\qquad$

Area $=$ $\qquad$
Area $=$ $\qquad$


Base = $\qquad$ Height $=$ $\qquad$

Area $=$ $\qquad$

18 in.


Base = $\qquad$ Height = $\qquad$

Area $=$ $\qquad$

