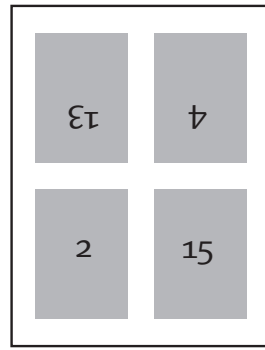
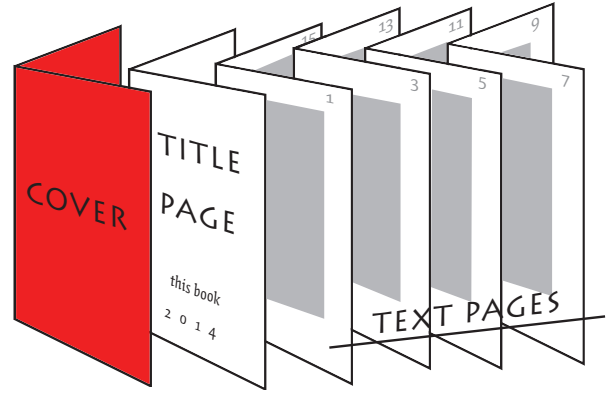


front of first *text page*
before cutting and folding



back of first *text page*
before cutting and folding



DIRECTIONS: Print the pages double sided. The first *text page* should match the diagram above. When all the pages are printed, cut along the dotted line, then fold on the solid line. Nest the folded sheets in the proper order – it should match the diagram on the right.

The *cover page* can be printed on the same paper as the other pages, cut out and pasted onto

whatever cover you choose, or printed directly onto special paper.

The pages can be bound with a booklet stapler, or sewn together in a style called *saddle stitch*. *Saddle stitching* is an easy, handsome, and sturdy way to bind your book. See the reverse of this page for a simple diagram on *saddle stitching*. There are also several great video tutorials online.

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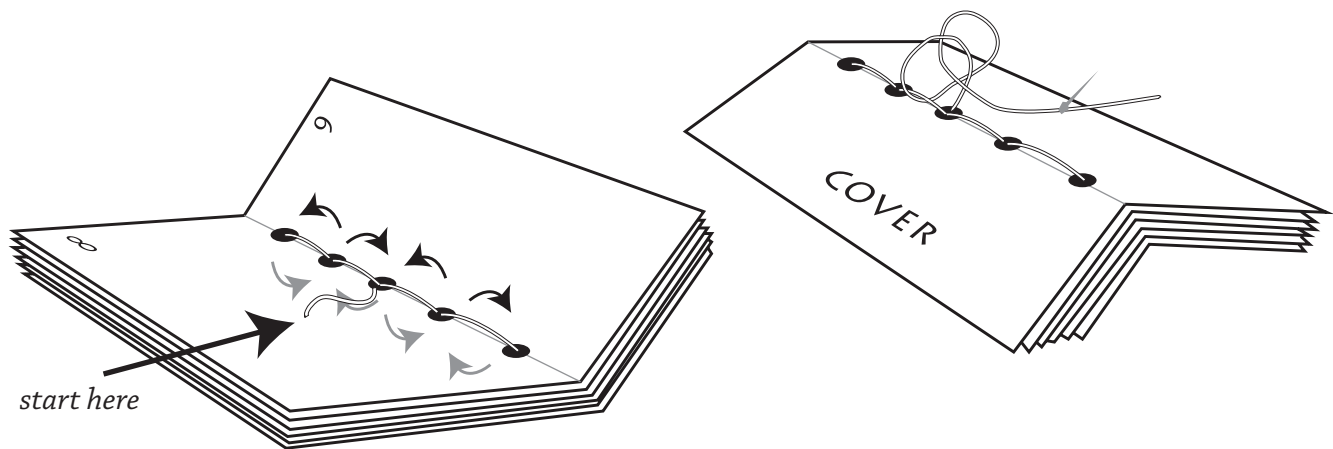
TO BUILD A FIRE

a dangerous adventure

by Jack London

1 9 0 2

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SADDLE STITCH: Begin by punching five small holes along the center crease of the booklet using a thumb tack. Thread a length of sturdy thread through a needle, but do not knot it. Starting with the center hole – leaving about two inches of thread on the inside crease – sew through the holes up to the top, down to the bottom, then ending in the middle. The thread should be on the back side

of the booklet now. Make a knot in the place shown on the diagram to the right. Push the needle and thread back through the center hole, and pull the knot to the inside of the crease. To finish it, knot the two remaining ends of the thread and cut off most of the remainder. You should end up with a tightly bound, saddle stitched booklet!



In 1897 the twenty-one year old Jack London was forced to drop out of college, no longer able to afford it. Broke, and with few opportunities left, he set out for Alaska and northern Canada with his brother-in-law to join the Klondike Gold Rush.

In 1898, London returned to his home in California, badly injured and without an ounce of gold, but with a wealth of adventures stored in his imagination that would start his incredibly successful writing career.

off across the flats and was six miles up Paul Creek. The trail, which had seen little travel, followed the bed of the creek, and there was no possibility of his getting lost. He had gone to Dawson by way of Cherry Creek and Indian River, so Paul Creek was new and strange. By half past eleven he was at the forks, which had been described to him, and he knew he had covered fifteen miles, half the distance. He knew that in the nature of things the trail was bound to grow worse from there on, and thought that, considering the good time he had made, he merited lunch. Casting off his pack and taking a seat on a fallen tree, he un-mittened his right hand, reached inside his shirt next to the skin, and fished out a couple of biscuits sandwiched with sliced bacon and wrapped in a handkerchief – the only way they could be carried without freezing solid. He had barely chewed the first mouthful when his numbing fingers warned him to put his mitten on again. This he did, not

dry socks and footgear.

Then he cut away his moccasins and bared his feet. But while he had taken liberties with his hands, he kept his feet fairly away from the fire and rubbed them with snow. He rubbed till his hands grew numb, when he would cover his feet with the blanket, warm his hands by the fire, and return to the rubbing.

For three hours he worked, till the worst effects of the freezing had been counteracted. All that night he stayed by the fire, and it was late the next day when he limped pitifully into the camp on the Cherry Creek Divide.

In a month's time he was able to be about on his feet, although the toes were destined always after that to be very sensitive to frost. But the scars on his hands he knows he will carry to the grave. And – "Never travel alone!" he now lays down the precept of the North.

icy corpse. But the love of life was strong in him, and he sprang again to his feet. He was thinking quickly. What if the matches did burn his hands? Burned hands were better than dead hands. No hands at all were better than death. He floundered along the trail until he came upon another high-water lodgment. There were twigs and branches, leaves and grasses, all dry and waiting the fire. Again he sat down and shuffled the bunch of matches on his knees, got it into place on his palm, with the wrist of his other hand forced the nerveless fingers down against the bunch, and with the wrist kept them there. At the second scratch the bunch caught fire, and he knew that if he could stand the pain he was saved. He choked with the sulphur fumes, and the blue flame licked the flesh of

which the hunters had slept. He sank down, sobbing. All was over, and in an hour at best, in that terrific temperature, he would be an

FOR LAND TRAVEL OR seafaring, the world over, a companion is usually considered desirable. In the Klondike, as Tom Vincent found out, such a companion is absolutely essential. But he found it out, not by precept, but through bitter experience.

"Never travel alone," is a precept of the north. He had heard it many times and laughed; for he was a strapping young fellow, big-boned and big-muscled, with faith in himself and in the strength of his head and hands.

It was on a bleak January day when the experience came that taught him respect

He recollected being told of a camp of moose-hunters somewhere above the forks of Paul Creek. He must be somewhere near it, he thought, and if he could find it he yet might be saved. Five minutes later he came upon it, lone and deserted, with drifted snow sprinkled inside the pine-bough shelter in

ings. and wrenching his back, it gave him no relief, but beyond pitching him into the snow tion. He stubbed his toes once on a buried-ened. His feet were utterly devoid of sensation. Again he ran, by this time badly frightened and went out.

and while he tried vainly to pick it up, sizzled laxed his hold. The bunch fell into the snow, flesh of his hand, and he involuntarily re-ly ignited it. But the flame burned into the he scratched the bunch on his leg and finally and again, holding thus by both bands, and so forcing them down upon the bunch. ing the wrist of the other hand against them,

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for the frost, and for the wisdom of the men who had battled with it.

He had left Calumet Camp on the Yukon with a light pack on his back, to go up Paul Creek to the divide between it and Cherry Creek, where his party was prospecting and hunting moose.

The frost was sixty-degrees below zero, and he had thirty miles of lonely trail to cover, but he did not mind. In fact, he enjoyed it, swinging along through the silence, his blood pounding warmly through veins, and his mind carefree and happy. For he and his comrades were certain they had struck "pay" up there on the Cherry Creek Divide; and, further, he was returning to them from Dawson with cheery home letters from the States.

At seven o'clock, when he turned the heels of his moccasins toward Calumet Camp, it was still black night. And when day broke at half past nine he had made the four-mile cut-

A few minutes of this made him warm feet and ran briskly up the trail. straps across his shoulders, he leaped to his never do, he decided, and slipping the pack- - a thing most unusual for him. This would but he could feel himself beginning to chill, Half of the first biscuit was yet untouched, colder he could not imagine.

certain it had grown much colder, how much tered sixty below when he left, but he was spirit thermometer at Calumet had registered sharply, and the sharp crackle of the in-He spat upon the snow, - a favorite north-thought.

the coldest snap he had ever experienced, he without surprise at the bitter swiftness with which the frost bit in. Undoubtedly it was

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his hands.

At first he could not feel it, but it burned quickly in through the frosted surface. The odor of the burning flesh - his flesh - was strong in his nostrils. He writhed about in his torment, yet held on. He set his teeth and swayed back and forth, until the clear white flame of the burning match shot up, and he had applied that flame to the leaves and grasses.

An anxious five minutes followed, but the fire gained steadily. Then he set to work to save himself. Heroic measures were necessary, such was his extremity, and he took them.

Alternately rubbing his hands with snow and thrusting them into the flames, and now and again beating them against the hard trees, he restored their circulation sufficiently for them to be of use to him. With his hunting-knife he slashed the straps from his pack, unrolled his blanket, and got out

inches of water and another ice-skin. And on top of this last skin was about an inch of recent snow to make the trap complete. To Tom Vincent's eye the unbroken snow surface gave no warning of the lurking danger. As the crust was thicker at the edge, he was well toward the middle before he broke through. In itself it was a very insignificant mishap, – a man does not drown in twelve inches of water, – but in its consequences as serious an accident as could possibly befall him. At the instant he broke through he felt the cold water strike his feet and ankles, and with half a dozen lunges he made the bank. He was quite cool and collected. The thing to do, and the only thing to do, was to build a fire. For another precept of the north runs: Travel with wet socks down to twenty below zero, after that build a fire. And it was three times twenty below and colder, and he knew it.

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He came round a sharp turn of the creek to where he could look ahead for a mile. But there was no help, no sign of help, only the white trees and the white hills, and the quiet cold and the brazen silence! If only he had a comrade whose feet were not freezing, he thought, only such a comrade to start the fire that could save him!

Then his eyes chanced upon another high-water lodgment of twigs and branches. If he could strike a match, all might yet be well. With stiff fingers which he could not bend, he got out a bunch of matches, but found it impossible to separate them.

He sat down and awkwardly shuffled the bunch about on his knees, until he got it resting on his palm with the sulphur ends projecting, somewhat in the manner the blade of a hunting-knife would project when clutched in the fist.

But his fingers stood straight out. They could not clutch. This he overcame by press-

so finely adjusted were the burdens that his slight movement in collecting the twigs had been sufficient to disturb the balance. The snow from the topmost bough was the first to fall, striking and dislodging the snow on the boughs beneath. And all this snow, accumulating as it fell, smote Tom Vincent's head and shoulders and blotted out his fire. He still kept his presence of mind, for he knew how great his danger was. He started at once to rebuild the fire, but his fingers were now so numb that he could not bend them, and he was forced to pick up each twig and splinter between the tips of the fingers of either hand. When he came to the match he encountered great difficulty in separating one from the bunch. This he succeeded in managing, however, and also, by great effort, in clutching the match between his thumb and forefinger. But in scratching it, he dropped it in

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and formed a miniature glacier on his chin. Now and again sensation forsook his nose and cheeks, and he rubbed them till they burned with the returning blood.

Most men wore nose-straps; his partners did, but he had scorned such "feminine contraptions," and till now had never felt the need of them. Now he did feel the need, for he was rubbing constantly.

Nevertheless he was aware of a thrill of joy, of exultation. He was doing something, achieving something, mastering the elements. Once he laughed aloud in sheer strength of life, and with his clenched fist defied the frost. He was its master. What he did he did in spite of it. It could not stop him. He was going on to the Cherry Creek Divide.

Strong as were the elements, he was stronger. At such times animals crawled away into their holes and remained in hiding. But he did not hide. He was out in it, facing it, fighting it. He was a man, a master of things.

burdened with a four months snowfall, and opened. The pine boughs above his head were thick twigs to the fire a grievous thing hap- But at the moment he was adding the first rubbed, would speedily cure his feet.

a success; he knew that a little snow, briskly the fire, although a very young one, was now ache and were rapidly growing numb. But cold, his feet had ached with a heavy, dull After the first quick, biting sensation of did not hurry.

although his fingers were now quite stiff, he not do to hurry things, as he well knew, and ishing the flame with the utmost care. It did the smallest twigs and finest debris, cher- into bright flame. This he carefully fed with birch bark, like the dryest of paper, burst bunched and scratched it on his trousers. The chilled as he separated one match from the He noticed how quickly his fingers had dried in a bunch.

Klonlike kind, sulphur matches, one hun-

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In such fashion, rejoicing proudly, he tramped on. After an hour he rounded a bend, where the creek ran close to the mountainside, and came upon one of the most insignificant-appearing but most formidable dangers in northern travel.

The creek itself was frozen solid to its rocky bottom, but from the mountain came the outflow of several springs. These springs never froze, and the only effect of the severest cold snaps was to lessen their discharge. Protected from the frost by the blanket of snow, the water of these springs seeped down into the creek and, on top of the creek ice, formed shallow pools.

The surface of these pools, in turn, took on a skin of ice which grew thicker and thicker, until the water overran, and so formed a second ice-skinned pool above the first.

Thus at the bottom was the solid creek ice, then probably six to eight inches of water, then the thin ice-skin, then another six

of thin birch bark. The matches were of the pocket he drew out his matches and a strip knelt down to kindle his fire. From an inside twigs, and knocking the snow from them, bared his, gathered a sufficient number of Alaskan mittens on one's hands, so Vincent It is impossible to build a fire with heavy summer sun, they now waited the match.

and small branches. Thoroughly dried by the the spring high-water had lodged many twigs In a clump of pines on the rim of the bank traveler's calculations.

jection of a quart of water into a northland – such was the difference caused by the in- ing for his life against those same elements mastery of the elements, he was now fight- before a strong, exulting man, boastful of his that there must be no failure. The moment ure at the second attempt. In short, he knew tempt, the chance was made greater for fail- be exercised; that with failure at the first at- He knew, further, that great care must

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the snow and could not pick it up again.

He stood up, desperate. He could not feel even his weight on his feet, although the ankles were aching painfully. Putting on his mittens, he stepped to one side, so that the snow would not fall upon the new fire he was to build, and beat his hands violently against a tree-trunk.

This enabled him to separate and strike a second match and to set fire to the remaining fragment of birch bark. But his body had now begun to chill and he was shivering, so that when he tried to add the first twigs his hand shook and the tiny flame was quenched.

The frost had beaten him. His hands were worthless. But he had the foresight to drop the bunch of matches into his wide-mouthed outside pocket before he slipped on his mittens in despair, and started to run up the trail. One cannot run the frost out of wet feet at sixty below and colder, however, as he quickly discovered.

