## **Practice Finding Range**

The **range** of a data set measures variability, or how spread out the data values are. To calculate the range of a data set, find the difference between the largest value and the smallest value.

Try it! Jaye noted the amount of weight he lifted for each exercise he did in his weightlifting class yesterday. Find the range of this data set:

50 lb. 45 lb. 15 lb. 60 lb. 25 lb. 35 lb. 20 lb. 30 lb.

The largest value is 60. The smallest value is 15. Subtract to find the range.

60 - 15 = 45

Range = 45 lb.



## Find the range of each data set.

Carmen tracked the number of miles she biked each day for one week.

8 mi. 12 mi. 7 mi. 10 mi. 15 mi. 10 mi. 8 mi.

Range = \_\_\_\_\_

Bella recorded the high temperature every day in Miami for one week.

79°F 82°F 77°F 68°F 76°F 83°F 77°F

Range = \_\_\_\_\_

Wesley recorded the amount of snowfall each day it snowed this winter.

6 in. 12 in. 9 in. 18 in. 20 in. 12 in. 14 in.

Range = \_\_\_\_\_

Coach Chen tracked the number of points her basketball team scored during each game.

74 points 96 points 92 points 83 points 78 points 85 points 72 points

Range = \_\_\_\_\_

Morgan tracked her scores for the first 9 games she played in her bowling league.

 202 points
 233 points
 192 points

 161 points
 199 points
 184 points

 236 points
 254 points
 238 points

Range = \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. Patel is shopping for a charcoal grill, and he notes the price of each grill he finds.

\$598 \$634 \$199 \$722 \$584 \$650 \$449 \$639 \$529

Range = \_\_\_\_\_