

Multiplication:

Your Guide to Key Terms & Strategies

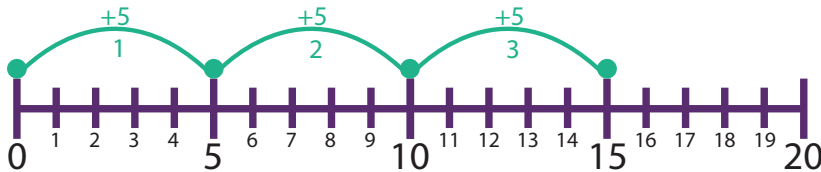
Equation: **PRODUCT**

$$3 \times 5 = 15$$

↑ ↓
FACTORS

Directions: Use this mini-poster as your guide to solving the multiplication problems in this workbook!

Skip-Count on a number line



Skip-count (forwards) by the value of the second **factor**.

3 hops of 5 lands on 15, so $3 \times 5 = 15$.

Repeated Addition

$$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 15$$

The value of the second **factor** is the number of times you add the first **factor** to itself.

The sum of the first **factor** added to itself equals the **product**.

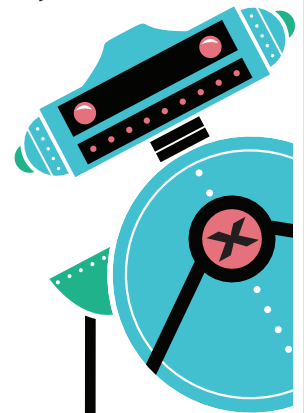
Fact Family

$$3 \times 5 = 15$$

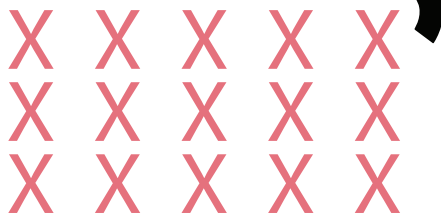
$$5 \times 3 = 15$$

$$15 \div 5 = 3$$

$$15 \div 3 = 5$$



Array



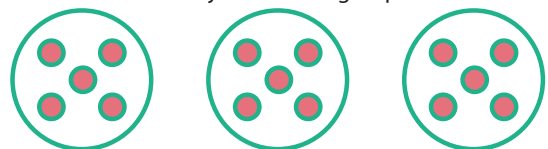
The first **factor** tells you how many rows to draw.

The second **factor** tells you how many X's to draw in each **row**.

The total number of X's equals the **product**.

Equal Groups

of groups ← $3 \times 5 = 15$ → total # of objects
of objects in each group



Draw circles to represent the first factor.

The second **factor** equals the number of dots you will draw in each circle.

The total number of dots equals the **product**.

Multiplication: Factors are multiplied together to find the product or total

Factors: Numbers that are multiplied together

Product: The answer to a multiplication problem

Row: A horizontal group of objects

Column: A vertical group of objects

