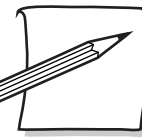


Name: _____ Date: _____



Making Predictions with Text Evidence

A **prediction** is a statement about what will happen in the future.

Example: Recess will end early because it will start raining.

An **introductory phrase** sets the stage for the rest of the sentence. It is like a clause, but it does not have its own subject and verb.

Example: According to the students, they returned to the classroom after recess.

← introductory phrase

Directions: Read the passage and make predictions about what Antonio will do next. Then, use the word bank and sentence frames to identify text evidence to support your predictions.

“Do you notice the smoke in the sky over there?” asked Antonio. He was walking home from the community center when he saw the smoke. The camp schedule said they would play basketball outside, but it was too hot. Instead, they watched a movie. Antonio and his friends enjoyed it.

“Why do you have to argue? Please stop!” Antonio asked. He wanted his friends to see the smoke. It was behind the community center. They were not paying attention because they were too busy arguing about the movie.

“I don’t see anything,” grumbled Michelle. She thought about the movie they watched together. The main character worked hard to succeed. He had been homeless as a kid. Michelle thought that was very interesting. Her friend, Peter, did not think it was interesting. They continued to argue.

Antonio continued to look at the smoke as it went higher into the sky. He grew worried.

Word Bank		
According to the text,	According to the author,	Based on the text,
The author says	From the reading I know that	The text stated

1. Prediction: _____

(introductory phrase)

(text evidence)

2. Prediction: _____

(introductory phrase)

(text evidence)