## Reflexive vs. Intensive Pronouns: Ancient Egypt



A **reflexive** pronoun *reflects* back on the subject or main noun of a sentence. If a reflexive pronoun is removed from a sentence, the sentence won't make sense.

Example: Emma was proud of **herself** for finishing her math homework. The reflexive pronoun **herself** refers back to the noun Emma.

An **intensive** pronoun emphasizes the subject or main noun of a sentence by adding *intensity*. If an intensive pronoun is removed, the sentence will still make sense.

Example: Miguel worked alone to finish his science fair project **himself**. *The intensive pronoun* **himself** *emphasizes the noun Miguel*.

Directions: Read the sentences below, and decide if the bold pronoun is reflexive or intensive. Writ	te
your answers on the lines.	

1.	Ancient Egypt was a civilization built along the Nile River in Africa around 3000
	B.C.E. The Nile <b>itself</b> provided necessities like food, water, and transportation.

2. Ancient Egyptians made artwork that showed **themselves** in everyday life.

- 3. Ancient Egyptians built the pyramids **themselves** using engineering skills.
- 4. Pharaohs were the rulers of ancient Egypt. When a pharaoh passed away, he would have **himself** buried in a pyramid or tomb with treasure.

5. One pharaoh, Cleopatra VII, started to rule by **herself** at eighteen years old.

- 6. Cleopatra's siblings wanted to rule Egypt **themselves**, so she formed an alliance with Rome to strengthen her power.
- 7. Cleopatra had a child with the ruler of ancient Rome, Julius Caesar. He named their son after **himself**, and their child was known as Caesarion or "little Caesar."
- 8. At just three years old, Caesarion **himself** became co-ruler of Egypt.
- 9. Egypt **itself** has been ruled by many different powers throughout history.
- 10. Egyptians gained full independence for **themselves** in 1953.

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