Factor Using the Distributive Property

If the terms in an expression share a common factor, you can "factor" that expression. That means you can rewrite it as a product. Let's try it with the expression 40 + 16.

First, find the greatest common factor (GCF) of 40 and 16. The GCF is 8. Then, you can rewrite the expression as a product using the distributive property.

$$40 + 16 = (8 \times 5) + (8 \times 2)$$
$$= 8(5 + 2)$$

Let's try another example: 15 + 24.

The GCF of 15 and 24 is 3. Rewrite the expression using the distributive property.

$$15 + 24 = 3(5 + 8)$$

Check your answer. Apply the distributive property to make sure you get the expression from before.



Write the GCF. Then factor using the distributive property. Check your answer by applying the distributive property.

8 + 12	21 + 15	20 + 30
GCF: <u>4</u>	GCF:	GCF:
8 + 12 = 4(2 + 3)	21 + 15 =	20 + 30 =
30 + 16	27 + 36	35 + 50
GCF:	GCF:	GCF:
30 + 16 =	27 + 36 =	35 + 50 =
32 + 48	40 + 72	56 + 42
GCF:	GCF:	GCF:
32 + 48 =	40 + 72 =	56 + 42 =