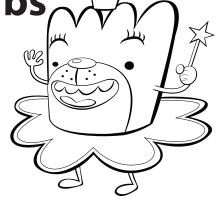
Name:	Date:
Traine.	

**All Kinds of Adverbs** 

Adverbs are words that add more description to adjectives, verbs, or other adverbs expressing a location, time, manner, degree, or frequency.

### Location/Place

Adverbs of place illustrate where the verb is happening. It's usually placed after the main verb or object, or at the end of the sentence.



#### Time

An adverb of time provides more information about when the action takes place. Adverbs of time are usually placed at the beginning or end of a sentence. When it is very important to express when something happened, we put it at the start of a sentence.

### Manner

Adverbs of manner provide more information about how a verb is done. Adverbs of manner are probably the most common of all adverbs. They're easy to recognise since most of them end in –ly.

# **Degree**

Adverbs of degree tell the level or intensity of a verb, adjective, or even another adverb.

# Frequency

Adverbs of frequency tell how often the verb occurs. They're often placed directly before the main verb of a sentence.

Use the descriptions above to complete each sentence. Add adverbs to give more description to each verb. The word in parentheses tells you what kind of adverb to add. The verb or adjective being described is underlined for you.

1. Abby <u>skipped</u>	down the hallway. (manner)
2. The cat	<u>cleaned</u> his dish. (degree)
3. My mom pays the bill	s (frequency)
4. I bring my dog	every day. (location)
5. l am	<u>excited</u> to go to the beach! (degree)
6. l am	<u>hungry</u> when I get home from school. (frequency)
7 dinner, I <u>clean</u> my room. (time)	
8, I have been <u>doing</u> more reading. (time)	
9. l am	<u>exhausted</u> at the end of the school day. (degree)
10 Thid my journal	the hed (location)