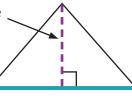
Acute Triangles: Practice Finding Area

Take a closer look at the terms we use when finding the area of a triangle.

height (h): the length of the perpendicular line between the base and its opposite

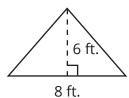
point, or vertex



An acute triangle is a triangle **base** (b): any one of that has all acute angles.

the triangle's sides

Let's try an example. Find the area of the triangle below.



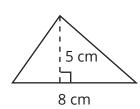
Base = 8 ft. **Height =** 6 ft.

 $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$

Area = $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 6$

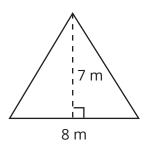
Area = 24 ft.^2

Fill in the blanks to find the area of each triangle.



Base = _____ Height = _____

Area = _____

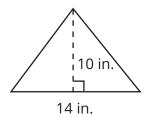


To find the area of a

triangle, use this formula:

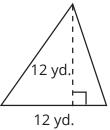
Base = _____ Height = ____

Area = _____



Base = _____ Height = _____

Area = _____



Base = _____ Height = _____

Area = _____