## WRITING EQUATIONS FOR PROPORTIONAL RELATIONSHIPS: TABLES

Proportional relationships can be represented using an equation of the form $y=k x$, where $k$ is the constant of proportionality.

Write an equation for the proportional relationship in the table below. First, find the constant of proportionality by calculating the ratio of $y$ to $x$ for each ordered pair in the table. Then, write the equation using the constant of proportionality, $k$, that you found.

| $\boldsymbol{x}$ 3 4 5 6 7 <br> $\boldsymbol{y}$ 18 24 30 36 42 |
| :---: |
| Ratio of $y$ to $x$ |$\frac{18}{3}=6 \quad \frac{24}{4}=6 \quad \frac{30}{5}=6 \quad \frac{36}{6}=6 \quad \frac{42}{7}=6$

The constant of proportionality is 6 . So, the equation is $y=6 x$.

Find the constant of proportionality. Make sure to simplify any fractions. Then write an equation to represent each proportional relationship.

| $x$ | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 3 | 6 | 9 |

Equation: $\qquad$

| $x$ | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 14 | 21 | 35 |

Equation: $\qquad$
$y=7 x$

| $x$ | 6 | 9 | 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 2 | 3 | 5 |

Equation: $\qquad$

| $x$ | 4 | 6 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 2 | 3 | 4 |

Equation: $\quad y=\frac{1}{2} x$

| $x$ | 5 | 15 | 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 2 | 6 | 8 |

Equation: $\quad y=\frac{2}{5} x$

| $x$ | 5 | 7 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 40 | 56 | 64 |

Equation: $\qquad$

