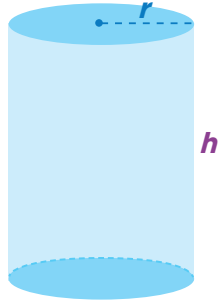


Volume of Cylinders

A cylinder is a three-dimensional figure with two opposite circular bases that are identical. You can find the volume of a cylinder using this formula, where r is the **radius** and h is the **height**:

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$



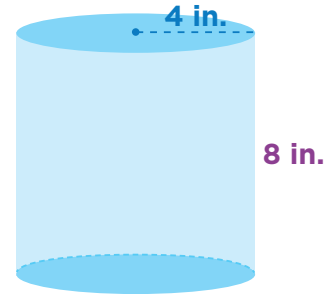
Let's try it! Find the volume of the cylinder below. Use 3.14 as an approximation for π .

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

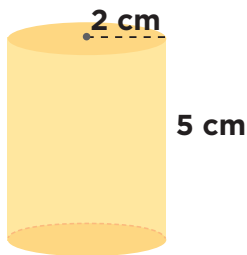
$$V \approx 3.14 \cdot 4^2 \cdot 8$$

$$V \approx 3.14 \cdot 16 \cdot 8$$

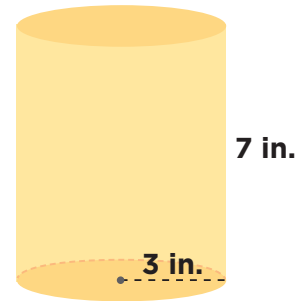
$$V \approx 401.92 \text{ in.}^3$$



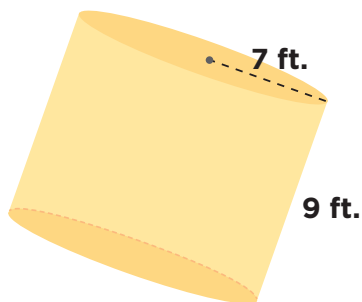
Try it yourself! Calculate the volume of each cylinder. Use 3.14 for π .



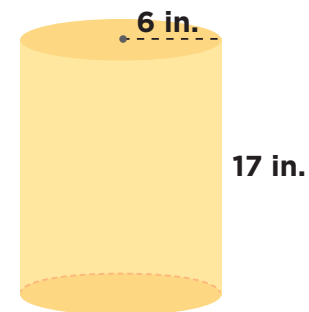
$$V \approx \underline{62.8 \text{ cm}^3}$$



$$V \approx \underline{197.82 \text{ in.}^3}$$



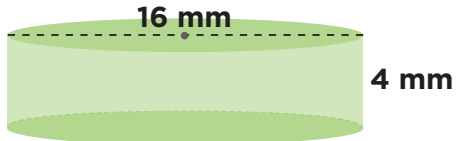
$$V \approx \underline{1,384.74 \text{ ft.}^3}$$



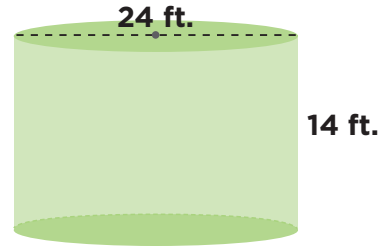
$$V \approx \underline{1,921.68 \text{ in.}^3}$$

Volume of Cylinders

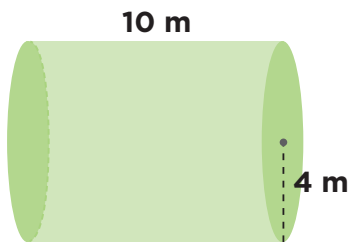
Keep going! Calculate the volume of each cylinder. Use 3.14 for π . Remember that the diameter of a circle is twice its radius.



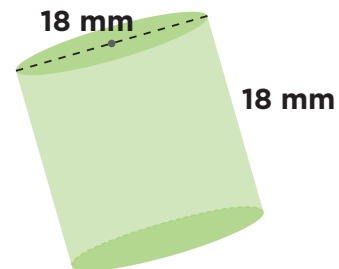
$$V \approx \underline{803.84 \text{ mm}^3}$$



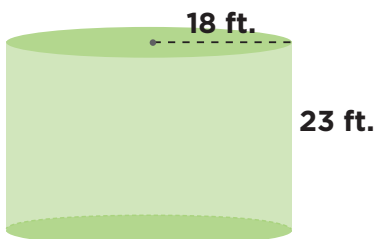
$$V \approx \underline{6,330.24 \text{ ft.}^3}$$



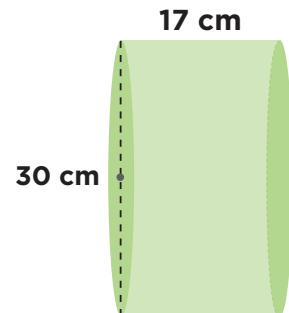
$$V \approx \underline{502.4 \text{ m}^3}$$



$$V \approx \underline{4,578.12 \text{ mm}^3}$$



$$V \approx \underline{23,399.28 \text{ ft.}^3}$$



$$V \approx \underline{12,010.5 \text{ cm}^3}$$