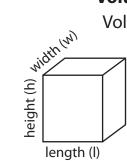
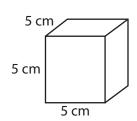
## **Volume Calculations Introduction #4**

**Volume** is the measure of space inside of a solid object.

Volume is measured in cubic units (in<sup>3</sup>, yd<sup>3</sup>, cm<sup>3</sup>, ft<sup>3</sup>).





To find the volume of a rectangular prism, multiply the length (I) by the width (w) by the height (h).

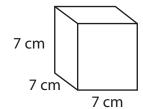
- $I \times W \times h = Volume(V)$
- (5 cm x 5 cm) x 5 cm = Volume (V)
  - $(25 \text{ cm}^2) \times 5 \text{ cm} = \text{Volume} (V)$ 
    - $125 \text{ cm}^3 = \text{Volume (V)}$

**Directions:** Calculate the volume of each solid using the equation  $l \times w \times h = volume$ .

1.

$$\frac{7\text{cm}}{}$$
 x  $\frac{7\text{cm}}{}$  x  $\frac{7\text{cm}}{}$  = V

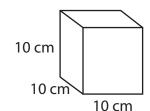
2.



$$(7cm x 7cm) x 7cm = V$$

$$(49cm^2) \times 7cm = V$$

 $343cm^3 = Volume$ 



$$(10cm \ x \ 10cm) \ x \ 10cm = V$$

$$(100cm^3) \times 10cm = V$$

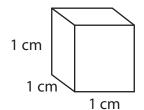
1000cm³= Volume

3.

$$\underline{1cm} \times \underline{1cm} \times \underline{1cm} = V$$

4.

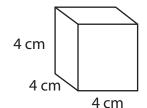
$$\frac{4cm}{x}$$
  $\frac{4cm}{x}$   $\frac{4cm}{x}$   $=$   $V$ 



$$(\underline{1cm} \times \underline{1cm}) \times \underline{1cm} = V$$

$$(\underline{1cm^2}) \times \underline{1cm} = V$$

1cm<sup>3</sup> = Volume



$$(\underline{\text{4cm}} \times \underline{\text{4cm}}) \times \underline{\text{4cm}} = V$$

$$(16cm^2) x _{-} 4cm = V$$

64in³ = Volume