Name

Date _

Using Comparative and Superlative Adjectives

A **comparative adjective** is used to compare two nouns. The suffix -er is often found at the end of a comparative adjective.

Example: My book is <u>longer</u> than hers. That dog runs <u>faster</u> than Spot.

1. His bike is smaller) than my bike.

2. My puppy is cuter than that one.

3. My book is shorter than yours.

4. Our shoes are dirtier than yours.



A **superlative adjective** is used to compare three or more nouns. It describes the noun that is the most extreme. The suffix -est is often found at the end of a superlative adjective.

Example: My book is the <u>longest</u> in the whole library. Of all the dogs at the park, that dog is the <u>fastest</u>.

Here are some rules for changing an adjective to its comparative and superlative forms:

If a word	Rule	Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
Ends in y	Change the y to i, and add -er or -est	Нарру	Happier	Happiest
Has a CVC (consonant + vowel + consonant) pattern	Double the last letter, and add -er or -est	Hot	Hotter	Hottest
Ends with an e	Drop the e, and add -er or -est	Large	Larger	Largest
Has more than two syllables	Use the word more/most or l ess/least in front of the adjective	Interesting	More interesting Less interesting	Most interesting Least interesting
ls irregular	Memorize it!	Good Bad	Better Worse	Best Worst
Part 1 Part 2 Directions: Circle the comparative adjective in each sentence. Directions: Circle the superlative adjective i each sentence.				

1. He has the smallest bike of all.

4. Our shoes are the dirtiest of all.

2. I think my puppy is the cutest puppy of all.

3. My book is the shortest book I have ever read.

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Part 3

Directions: Complete each sentence with the comparative or superlative form of the adjective in parentheses. Circle the things in each sentence that are being compared. Remember to use the spelling rules from the chart!

Example: (My flashlight) is brighter		than yours (bright)	
1 This room is	cleaner	_than(that one) (clean)	
2. My bedroom is the _	cleanest	ofall the rooms in the house. (clean)	
3 That tree is the	greenest	of all (green)	
4. My eyes are	greener	_than my brother's eyes) (green)	
5. He climbed the	highest	branch of all on the tree. (high)	
6. The branch is	higher	than the(house) (high)	
7. Your blanket is	softer	than mine (soft)	
8. My blanket) is the	softest	ofall) (soft)	
9. The whale is the	largest	animal of all) (large)	
10. Did you know wha	lesare larger	thandinosaurs? (large)	

Part 4

Directions: Complete the following sentence frames based on what you have learned about comparative and superlative adjectives.

- 1. A **comparative** adjective ends with <u>er</u>. This adjective is used to compare <u>two</u> things. An example of a comparative adjective is <u>(student answers will vary)</u>.
- 2. A **superlative** adjective ends with <u>est</u>. This adjective is used to compare <u>three</u> or more things. An example of a superlative adjective is <u>(student answers will vary)</u>.