

Name: _____

Date: _____

Answers

Pronoun Review:

Possessive, Relative, and Indefinite

A **pronoun** is a word that takes the place of a noun in order to make a sentence less repetitive.

Example: Instead of, “Patrick combed Patrick’s hair while Patrick looked in the mirror,” you could use pronouns to say, “Patrick combed his hair while he looked in the mirror.”

Directions: Circle the pronoun in each sentence.

1. She always runs fast in the morning.
2. Gina and Tim like their teacher a lot.
3. Can we have ice cream for dessert?
4. It is too cold to play outside.
5. That book is my favorite.
6. Owen has his own cell phone.
7. Pia and I are walking with our friends.
8. The TV show is on at its usual time.
9. Can anyone help after school?
10. You should try the chocolate cake.

Directions: Write a pronoun to match each noun.

| noun | pronoun |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| David | he, him, his |
| my family and I | we, our, ours |
| the football players | they, them, theirs |
| Mom | she, her, hers |
| the table | it, its |



Directions: Write the correct pronoun(s) to complete each sentence.

1. The dog buried its bone.
2. My sister and I are going to the movies. We will buy popcorn first.
3. Rhia and Ben are eating their lunches.
4. Nadine loves to play softball. She is a pitcher.
5. Dad gave me his watch.
6. A bird flew to its nest.
7. I am going to Disneyland. It will be my first time.
8. Aunt Marie wants to invite her friends over for dinner.
9. The soccer team is going to celebrate their win. They are excited!
10. My friends and I are playing our favorite game.

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Pronoun Review: Possessive, Relative, and Indefinite

Directions: Use the word banks to complete each sentence below.

Possessive Pronouns show ownership, like *mine, yours, ours, theirs, his, hers, and its*.

Example: The green ball is mine, not yours.

1. Naomi wondered if the pizza was hers for the taking.
2. The baseball team only took the equipment that was theirs.
3. Rachel and I said that the candy is ours.
4. The cat yawned and stretched out on its bed.

ours
theirs
his
hers
its

Relative Pronouns are used to connect a clause or phrase to a noun or another pronoun. These include: *who, whom, which, whoever, whomever, whichever, and that*.

Example: The students who played volleyball had fun.

1. Whoever took my bike should be punished.
2. The guy who plays the drums is really talented.
3. They will give the trophy to whichever team earns it.
4. That woman over there asked for help.

which
whoever
whichever
that
who

Indefinite Pronouns do not point to any particular nouns, but refer to things or people in general, like *everyone, anyone, nobody, anything, something, all, some, or few*. These are always used as singular pronouns.

Example: Everybody loves ice cream.

1. Can anyone hear me?
2. Nobody wants to take out the garbage.
3. Only a few will come to the party.
4. She doesn't want anything for dessert.

anything
somebody
nobody
anyone
few