

Review the multiplication and division patterns, then solve the problems below.

<u>Multiplying by 2:</u> Recognize that multiplying a number by 2 is just doubling that number. For example:  $2 \times 8 = 16$ . Another way to find out the answer to  $2 \times 8$  is to recognize that doubling 8 (8 + 8) also equals 16.

<u>Multiplying by 5:</u> Any time you multiply a number by 5, the last digit in the answer must be either 5 or 0. If the last digit is anything other than a 5 or 0, it is wrong.

<u>Dividing by 2:</u> Recognize that dividing a number by 2 is just figuring out what half of the number is. For example: 6 divided by 2 = 3. Half of 6 is 3. You know this because 3 + 3 is 6. So, if you know half of 6 is 3, then you know how to divide by 2.

<u>Multiplying by 3</u>: Multiplying by 3 is easier than you think because of a certain pattern. When you multiply any number by 3, the digits of the answer must add up to a multiple of 3. For example,  $3 \times 4 = 12$ . If you add together the two digits of the answer, you get 3. That is because 1 + 2 = 3.

 $2 \times 4 = \underline{8}, 2 \times 50 = \underline{100}, 2 \times 13 = \underline{26}, 2 \times 18 = \underline{36}, 2 \times 22 = \underline{44}, 2 \times 27 = \underline{54},$   $2 \times 47 = \underline{94}, 2 \times 32 = \underline{64}, 2 \times 41 = \underline{82}, 2 \times 28 = \underline{56}, 2 \times 45 = \underline{90}, 2 \times 39 = \underline{78}.$   $5 \times 7 = \underline{35}, 5 \times 11 = \underline{55}, 5 \times 12 = \underline{60}, 5 \times 14 = \underline{70}, 5 \times 17 = \underline{85}, 5 \times 18 = \underline{90},$  $5 \times 20 = \underline{100}, 5 \times 21 = \underline{105}, 5 \times 22 = \underline{110}, 5 \times 30 = \underline{150}, 5 \times 31 = \underline{155}, 5 \times 32 = \underline{160}.$ 

- 6 divided by  $2 = \underline{3}$ , 12 divided by  $2 = \underline{6}$ , 14 divided by  $2 = \underline{7}$ ,
- 20 divided by 2 = 10, 22 divided by 2 = 11, 24 divided by 2 = 12,

30 divided by 2 = 15, 40 divided by 2 = 20, 50 divided by 2 = 25,

46 divided by 2 = 23.

 $3 \times 4 = 12$ ,  $3 \times 11 = 33$ ,  $3 \times 12 = 36$ ,  $3 \times 13 = 39$ ,  $3 \times 20 = 60$ ,  $3 \times 21 = 63$ ,  $3 \times 22 = 66$ ,  $3 \times 30 = 90$ ,  $3 \times 31 = 93$ ,  $3 \times 32 = 96$ ,  $3 \times 40 = 120$ ,  $3 \times 41 = 123$ .