

The Inverse Relationship of Division

(answer sheet)

Match the division equation on the left with its inverse multiplication equation on the right.

$15 \div 3 = 5$	$8 \times 3 = 24$
$12 \div 6 = 2$	$7 \times 2 = 14$
$24 \div 3 = 8$	$5 \times 3 = 15$
$14 \div 2 = 7$	$5 \times 5 = 25$
$18 \div 3 = 6$	$2 \times 6 = 12$
$25 \div 5 = 5$	$6 \times 3 = 18$

Complete the division problems and then write out its inverse equations.

- 1.) $32 \div 4 = 8$ $8 \times 4 = 32$ and $4 \times 8 = 32$
- 2.) $21 \div 7 = 3$ $3 \times 7 = 21$ and $7 \times 3 = 21$
- 3.) $20 \div 5 = 4$ $4 \times 5 = 20$ and $5 \times 4 = 20$
- 4.) $26 \div 2 = 13$ $13 \times 2 = 26$ and $2 \times 13 = 26$
- 5.) $16 \div 4 = 4$ $4 \times 4 = 16$