Answer Key Cause and Effect: Structure

Cause and effect are connected events.	Cause (First)	Effect (Then)
A cause is the <i>first event</i> and the effect is the <i>second event</i> , or resulting action, that happens after the cause.	It rained for three months in India.	There were floods.

Directions: Label the signal words "SW," and underline and label the cause "C" and the effect "E" in different colors. Some signal words may include the following: "because," "due to," "lead to," "since," "as a result," and "if-then" sentences.



Precipitation, or rain, happens because warm air is filled with heavy water droplets and rain

SW

Falls. When the sun heats up water, it leads to water droplets rising into the air. Water droplets

join together in the sky and make clouds. The droplets get bigger in the clouds due to water

droplets bumping into each other Since the droplets get heavier and heavier, they eventually fall as rain.

While most rain does not last very long, monsoon seasons can last for months. A monsoon is a seasonal wind system from the Indian Ocean. It blows from the southwest in the summer and the northeast in the winter. When the wind system hits the southwest, heavy rain begins.

Name	Date	
Answer Key	С	
Every summer, India has storms that neve	r seem to end. The rain o	can last for up to five months.
As a result, large amounts of water cover	southern Asia and the Ir	E ndian Ocean. People and
wildlife rely on these seasonal monsoons	SW C because the storms help	o water the crops and
replenish rivers If a monsoon strikes too e	SW early in the summer, the	E ndangerous floods can wipe
out whole towns. But if a monsoon happe	SW ens too late, then the lac	E k of water can cause droughts
and famine. Famine and drought can caus	<u> </u>	ngry people. The balance
between the right amount of rain can affe	ect many people.	

Challenge: Find cause-and-effect relationships that do not have typical signal words or phrases.

Storms occur and replenish the water.